FISCAL NOTE

TO: Chief Clerk of the Senate

Chief Clerk of the House

FROM: James A. Davenport, Executive Director

DATE: February 10, 1996

SUBJECT: **SB 2834 - HB 2483**

This bill, if enacted, will require every health insurance contract that includes maternity care to provide a minimum of forty-eight (48) hours of in-patient care following a vaginal delivery and a minimum of ninety-six (96) hours following a cesarean section for both mother and child. Any hospital service corporation would not be required to provide such care unless it is determined to be medically necessary or is requested by the mother. The bill also requires post-delivery care consisting of a minimum of three (3) home visits after hospital discharge.

The fiscal impact of this bill is estimated to result in higher capitation rates paid to managed care organizations in the TennCare program to cover additional costs as the result of longer hospital stays. It is assumed that this mandated hospital stay and the mandated home visits will increase total in-patient days and increase total health care cost. The amount of the increase to TennCare cannot be determined but is estimated to exceed \$1,000,000 in the long run.

The enactment of this bill will not increase expenditures for state government health benefits because the state plan is self-insured and not subject to such regulation. However, if the requirements of the bill were implemented voluntarily it is estimated that state expenditures would increase in excess of \$100,000 annually.

The fiscal impact from enactment of this bill is also estimated to be an increase in expenditures to local governments. The amount of such increase cannot be determined but is estimated to exceed \$100,000.

The enactment of this bill is also estimated to result in an increase in cost to the health industry from mandated coverage. Such increase cannot be determined but is estimated to exceed \$1,000,000. This impact is included as required by T.C.A. 3-2-111.

This is to duly certify that the information contained herein is true and correct to the best of my knowledge.

James A. Davenport, Executive Director

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^{*}Article II, Section 24 of the Tennessee Constitution provides that: *no law of general application shall impose increased expenditure requirements on cities or counties unless the General Assembly shall provide that the state share in the cost.*